

Calculating Wave Speed, Frequency, and λ

1. Frequency = 5 Hz
Wavelength = 100m
Speed =

$$5 \text{ Hz} \times 100 \text{ m} = 500 \text{ m/s}$$

2. Frequency = 20 Hz
Wavelength = 200m
Speed =

$$20 \text{ Hz} \times 200 \text{ m} = 4000 \text{ m/s}$$

3. Frequency = 27 Hz
Wavelength = 150m
Speed =

$$27 \text{ Hz} \times 150 \text{ m} = 4050 \text{ m/s}$$

4. Frequency = 27 Hz
Wavelength =
Speed = 46 m/s

$$\frac{46 \text{ m/s}}{27 \text{ Hz}} = \frac{\lambda}{f} = \frac{27 \text{ Hz}}{27 \text{ Hz}} = 1.70 \text{ m}$$

5. Frequency = $\frac{502000 \text{ m}}{502 \text{ km}}$
Wavelength = $\frac{502 \text{ km}}{502000 \text{ m}}$
Speed = 100 m/s

$$\frac{100 \text{ m/s}}{502000} = \frac{502000 \text{ m} \times f}{502000}$$
$$f = 0.00019 \text{ Hz}$$

6. Frequency =
Wavelength = 326m
Speed = 14 m/s

$$\frac{14 \text{ m/s}}{326} = \frac{326 \text{ m}}{326} \times f$$
$$f = 0.043 \text{ Hz}$$

7. Frequency = 97 Hz
Wavelength = $\frac{1378 \text{ km}}{1378000 \text{ m}}$
Speed = $\frac{1378000 \text{ m}}{1378 \text{ km}}$

$$V = 97 \text{ Hz} \times 1378000 \text{ m}$$
$$V = 133,666,000 \text{ m/s}$$

8. Frequency = 78 Hz
Wavelength = $\frac{1378 \text{ km}}{1378000 \text{ m}}$
Speed = $\frac{1378000 \text{ m}}{1378 \text{ km}}$

$$V = 78 \text{ Hz} \times 1378000 \text{ m}$$
$$V = 107,484,000 \text{ m/s}$$

9. What is the v if $\lambda = 8\text{m}$ and $f = 20\text{ Hz}$?

$$8\text{m} \times 20\text{Hz} = 160\text{m/s}$$

10. What is the λ if $v = 50\text{ m/s}$ and $f = 25\text{ Hz}$?

$$\frac{50\text{m/s}}{25\text{Hz}} = 2\text{m}$$

11. What is the f if $v = 50\text{ m/s}$ and $\lambda = 10\text{m}$?

$$\frac{50\text{m/s}}{10\text{m}} = 5\text{Hz}$$

12. What is the v if $\lambda = 1\text{ m}$ and $f = 345\text{ Hz}$?

$$345\text{Hz} \times 1\text{m} = 345\text{m/s}$$

13. What is the λ if $v = 100\text{ m/s}$ and $f = 3\text{ Hz}$?

$$\frac{100\text{m/s}}{3\text{Hz}} = 33.33\text{m}$$

14. What is the f if $v = 120\text{ m/s}$ and $\lambda = 3\text{ m}$?

$$\frac{120\text{m/s}}{3\text{m}} = 40\text{Hz}$$

15. What is the v if $\lambda = 3\text{ m}$ and $f = 10\text{ Hz}$?

$$3\text{m} \times 10\text{Hz} = 30\text{m/s}$$

16. What is the λ if $v = 345\text{ m/s}$ and $f = 790\text{ Hz}$?

$$\frac{345\text{m/s}}{790\text{Hz}} = .44\text{m}$$

17. What is the f if $v = 345\text{ m/s}$ and $\lambda = .25\text{ m}$?

$$\frac{345\text{m/s}}{.25} = 1380\text{Hz}$$

Challenge Questions:

18. Joe the whistle maker knows that the maximum volume for a whistle will occur if the length of the whistle is exactly $\frac{1}{4}$ of the wavelength. If Joe must make a whistle that plays at a pitch of 340 Hz, how long will the whistle be?

$$343\text{m/s} = \lambda \times 340\text{Hz}$$

$$\lambda = 1.008\text{m} \times \frac{25}{.25} = 252\text{m}$$

19. How long is the wavelength of KAJA radio whose broadcast frequency is 97.1 MHz? (97.1 MHZ = 97,100,000 Hz and $v = 300,000,000\text{ m/s}$)

$$\frac{300,000,000}{97,100,000} = \frac{97,100,000 + \lambda}{97,100,000} = \lambda = 3.09\text{m}$$

20. Using the velocity of sound at 343 m/s and given the frequencies of a piano scale, compute the wavelengths of that scale.

Note	Frequency	Wavelength
C4	261.6	1.311 m
D4	293.6	1.168 m
E4	329.6	1.04 m
F4	349.2	.982 m
G4	392	.875 m
A4	440	.78 m
B4	493.9	.694 m
C5	523.2	.655 m